

**Long-term effects, maintenance and costs for wastewater treatment wetlands in Sweden**



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**Content of presentation**

- Background
- Wetlands
- Treatment results
- Maintenance
- Costs
- Questions, discussion



**Background**

- Seven wetlands for polishing of wastewater
  - Treatment results over time (Tot-N, NH4-N, BOD<sub>5</sub>, Tot-P)
  - Wetland maintenance
  - Cost efficiency

**Ekeby - Eskilstuna**




- 1998
- Nitrogen treatment
- 28 ha

Foto: Eskilstuna Energi & Miljö

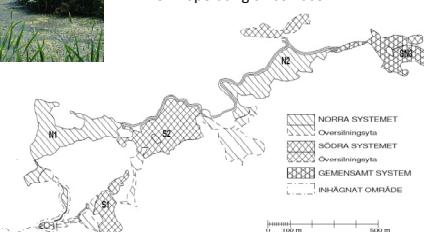
**Alhagen - Nynäshamn**



- 1997
- Nitrogen treatment
- 28 ha
- SBR operating since 2001

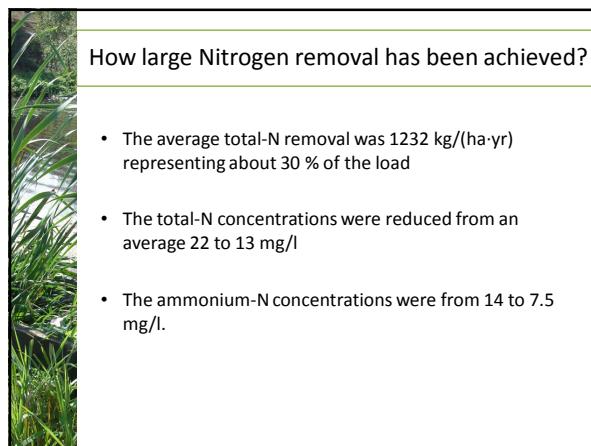
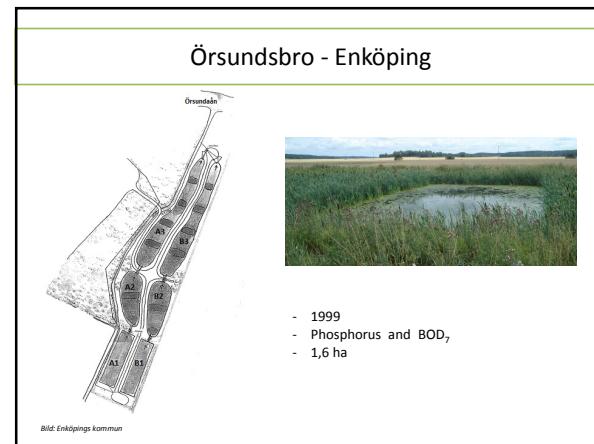
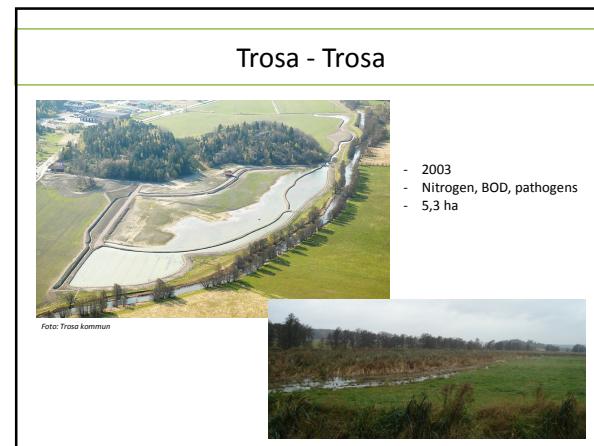
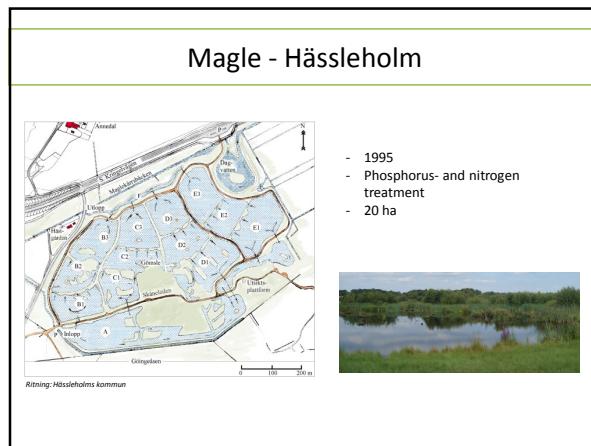
Foto: Nynäshamns kommun

**Brännäs - Oxelösund**

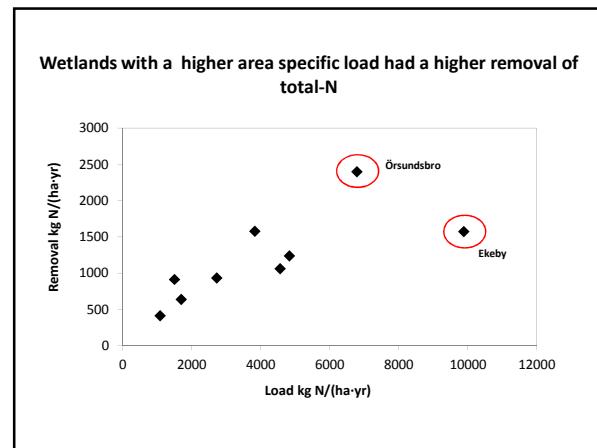
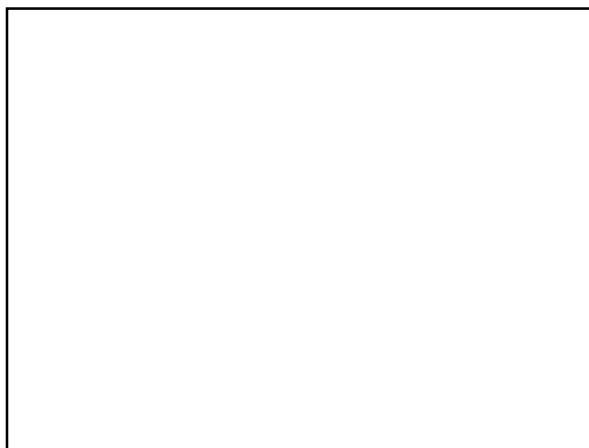



- 1993
- Nitrogen treatment
- 23 ha
- SBR operating since 2005

Ritning: WRS Uppsala AB



	Eskilstuna Ekeby		Nynäshamn Alhagen		Öxelösund Brännäs		Hässleholm Magle		Trosa Trosa		Trosa Vagnhärad		Enköping Örnsundsbro	
	99-01	02-09	99-02	03-09	94-04	07-09	96-09	03-09	03-09	03-09	01-04	05-09		
Total wetland area	ha	28	28	28	28	23	23	20	5,3	2,3	1,6	0,8		
Inflow	m <sup>3</sup> /d	44 606	44 963	4550	5218	4603	4396	12 369	1703	1442	706	766		
Hydraulic load	mm/d	159	161	16	19	20	19	62	32	63	44	96		
Retention time	d	6	6	14	14	7	7	7	7	5	7	4		
Concentration (mg/l)														
Tot-N	In	18	17	37	22	24	16	20	23	21	22	20		
	Out	14	14	11	6,8	15	10	15	16	16	15	13		
NH <sub>4</sub> -N	In	4,7	5,9	37	16	17	12	6,7	21	6,6	17	12		
	Out	2,6	4,5	9	4,5	12	7,7	5,8	13	4,1	12	8		

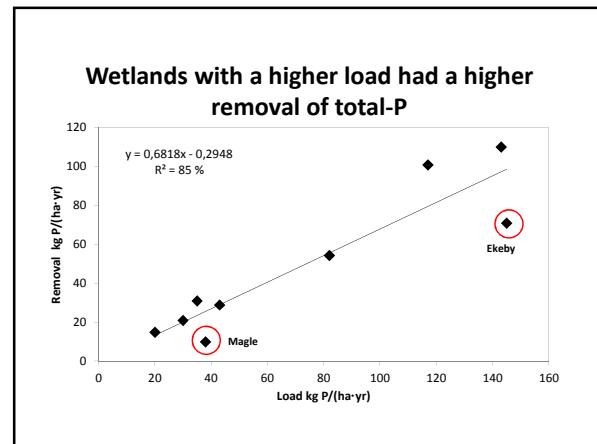
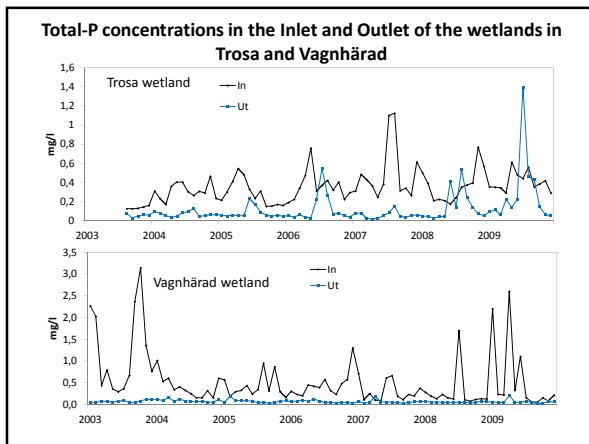


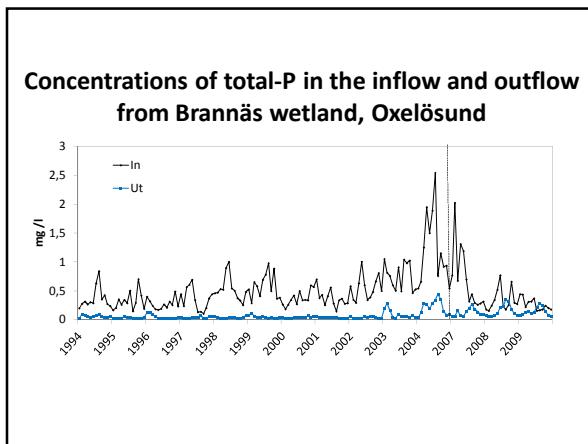
 **How well has phosphorus and BOD<sub>7</sub> been removed?**

- Phosphorus
  - The average removal was 46 kg/(ha·yr) representing 65 % of the load.
  - Concentrations of total-P were reduced from an average of 0.37 to 0.11 mg/l.
- BOD<sub>7</sub>
  - Concentrations of BOD<sub>7</sub> were reduced from an average of 11 to 3.6 mg/l.

**Differences between wetlands in total-P and BOD<sub>7</sub> removal**

	Eskilstuna Ekeby	Nynäshamn Alhagen	Oxelösund Brännäs	Hässelholm Magle	Trosa Trosa	Trosa Vagnhärad	Enköping Örsundsbro
99-01	02-09	99-02	03-09	94-04	07-09	96-09	03-09
Total wetland area	ha	28	28	28	23	23	20
Hydraulic load	mm/d	159	161	16	19	20	19
Concentrations (mg/l)							
Tot-P	In	0,23	0,25	0,39	0,30	0,50	0,43
	Out	0,1	0,13	0,10	0,06	0,06	0,13
BOD <sub>7</sub>	In	4,6	4,2	35	9,7	22	11
	Out	4,2	4,3	3,9	3,0	3,9	3,2
						5,1	4,0
						3,1	9,5
						3,0	0,1
						3,3	2,2
							9,1





### Maintenance requirements

- The maintenance needs varied depending on design and main goal
- Removal of plants and sediment from canals/ditches 'on demand' (Alhagen, Brännäs and Ekeby)
- Sediment removal at inlet (annually in Brännäs)
- Plant cutting (annually in overland flow areas and along the shores and paths for recreational purposes)

### Costs

- Investment (capital) costs – land, project documents, pumps and pipes, construction. Depreciation time 20 years
- Operation costs (includes monitoring)
- Key figures (Kr/kg N or P removed)

### Differences in costs between wetlands

	Eskilstuna Ekeby	Nynäshamn Alhagen	Oxelösund Brännäs	Hässleholm Magle	Trosa Trosa	Trosa Vagnhärad
Year of construction	1998	1997	1993	1995	2003	2001
Wetland area ha	28	28	23	20	5,3	2,3
Capital cost Mkr	16	13,5	5	7	10	5
Capital cost -08 Mkr	23	20	8	11	12	7
O&M costs tkr/år	200	400	100	250	210	140
O&M costs (incl. pumping) tkr/år	200	600	275	250	280	200
Pump.costs % of total	0	35	65	0	25	30

	Eskilstuna Ekeby	Nynäshamn Alhagen	Oxelösund Brännäs	Hässleholm Magle	Trosa Trosa	Trosa Vagnhärad
Wetland area ha	28	28	23	20	5,3	2,3
Annual costs tkr/yr	1400	1650	700	830	930	540
O&M total %	14	37	39	30	30	37
Removal N kg/yr	45 500	28 300	12 200	21 300	5000	2 900
Removal P kg/yr	1 700	380	600	200	160	230
Key figure N kr/kg	30	60	60	40	190	190
Key figure P kr/kg	0	2070	550	860	4700	1950

### Concluding remarks

- The function of the wetlands has been good
- Small maintenance requirements
- No clear indications of a decreasing actual removal
- Cost-efficient
- Good access for public in all wetlands
- Contribute biodiversity in a dried landscape.
- Occasional release of phosphorus seem related to shift in the type of chemical used in the P precipitation.
- Flow variations are often evened out.

